Newcomer experiences
of housing in
Huron & Perth

A research study

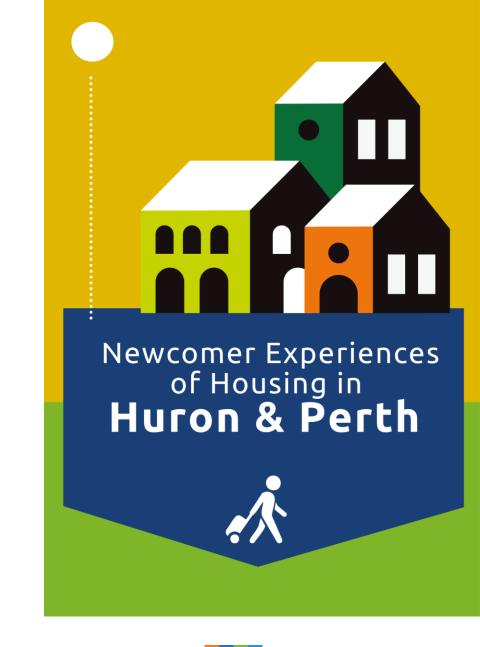








A Research Working Group project of the Huron County Immigration Partnership

























Why study newcomer experiences of housing?

- No fall-back, they don't have family/friends to go back to.
- Lack of credit or rental history
- Understanding experiences of diverse groups allows decision-makers to keep things in mind like development, infill planning
- Representation from different groups is important to break down barriers to enhance people settling in a community
- Lack of knowledge of local rental market or housing support available
- Rural areas often rely on social connection referrals for rentals. Newcomers may not have those networks.
- Newcomers may face housing barriers (xenophobia/racism) that others don't

Study background

- Finding an affordable place to live was a top challenge for immigrants - 2023 Huron-Perth Immigrant Survey
- Little information available about rural immigrant experiences of housing across Canada
- Housing has significant impact on overall settlement outcomes

Designed a qualitative study

Dr. Rana Telfah designed & conducted a focus group research project

Research questions:

- Is housing adequate, accessible, and affordable for immigrant and newcomer families in Huron and Perth counties?
- How is housing information and resources accessed?
- How do housing experiences increase newcomers' feelings of belonging and being part of the community?

Designed a qualitative study

Organized:

- 4 Focus groups
- In 4 communities
- Goal of 30-50 participants

Developed 13 questions, 1.5 hours each

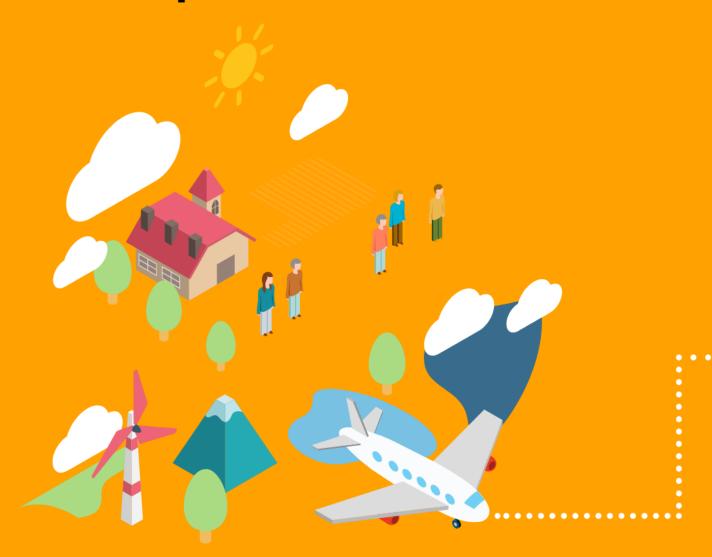
Questions designed in partnership with Research Working Group

Inclusion/exclusion criteria for participants

Include specifically:

- Newcomers people who arrived in Canada in 2018 or after
- Live in Huron or Perth
- Live in a community of less than 10,000

Participants



40 people participated in focus groups

- 17 Listowel
- 10 Goderich
- 8 St. Marys
- 5 Exeter

63% female | 38% male

Country of origin

- 15 Ukraine
- 5 Philippines
- 5 Mexico
- 4 Syria
- 3 India

- 3 Ghana
- 2 Guatemala
- 1 Iran
- 1 Russia
- 1 Ivory Coast

Participants



All participants rented

- 23 in houses
- 17 in apartment buildings

31 participants live with children in their home

Year arrived in Canada

- **3** 2024
- **16** 2023
- **7** 2022
- **3** 2021
- 4 2020

- 1 2019
- **1** 2018
- 1 2017
- 4 Didn't disclose

Finding 1: Housing is just one part of settlement experiences

- Entwined with employment & transportation

Other connections impacting housing for newcomers

- English language classes
- Education for children
- Access to health care
- Applicable programs community libraries
- Proximity of grocery stores

Finding 1: Housing is linked to transportation and employment

"Since I do not drive, I cannot move around easily. After searching, I found a one-bedroom apartment in Goderich that cost \$1,400. As a foreign worker with a limited salary, that is just too much for me. Thankfully, a family offered a room in their home which is much more affordable than the other places in Goderich. While renting in the town itself is expensive, options outside of it are significantly cheaper and more reasonable." - Goderich participant

Finding 2: Newcomers face multiple barriers to housing

- 48% paid more than 30% of their monthly income on rent
- Worst impacted are people fleeing war (many pay 40-80% of income) on housing

"60% of my income goes to rent. It varies depending on how many hours I worked in the previous month."

- Exeter participant

Finding 2: Newcomers face multiple barriers to housing

Lack of credit history in Canada limits options

- Canadian guarantor required for many rentals, requires newcomers to rely on Canadian contacts

Lengthy wait times after submitting application

- Often wait 2-4 months to find out if application is successful or rejected

Larger families struggle to find a place to rent

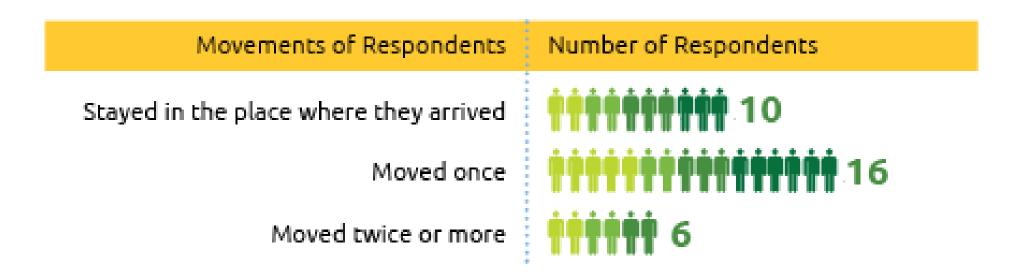
Finding 2: Solution to housing barriers

Shared housing to save money

- Living with roommates allowed 8 participants to allocate only 20-30% of their monthly income to housing

Employers who assist newcomers find a place to live help them reduce stress

Finding 3: Multiple moves



Finding 4: Suitable housing determinants

- □Enough bedrooms
- □Enough bathrooms
- □Place where everyone has privacy
- □People can express themselves freely

Finding 5:

Housing conditions vary

- 7 participants lived in houses that were in good condition and renovated
- 4 participants highlighted challenges with older buildings
- Repair requests can meet delays
- Shared laundry can be difficult to access, with equipment in various states of repair

Finding 6: Landlord-tenant relationships vary

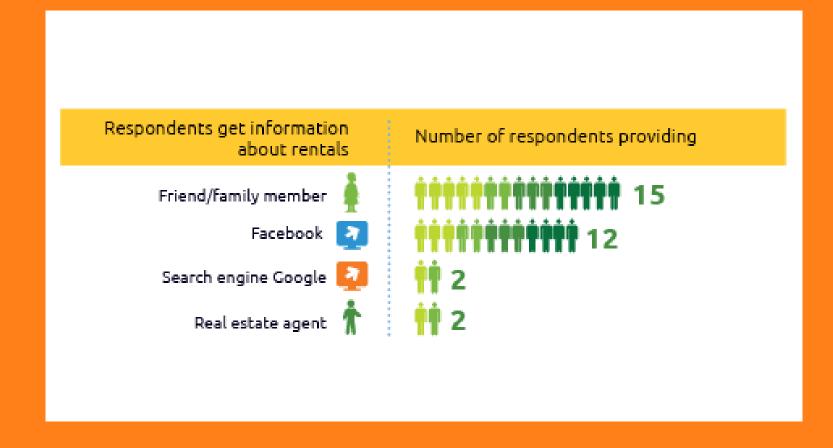
- Responsiveness to requests is considered a hallmark of a good landlord
- Concern about some landlord's views about immigrants

"My husband found a house and he paid the first and the end of the rent. After two days they called my husband and said just you are welcome in there (not me or my child). They said 'We are not sure you can afford this or manage all of the costs'. So we couldn't rent the house, even though my husband offered to pay for six months of the rent."

Goderich participant

Finding 7: Finding a place to live – information sources

- In person connections
- Using social media and the internet
- Real estate agents

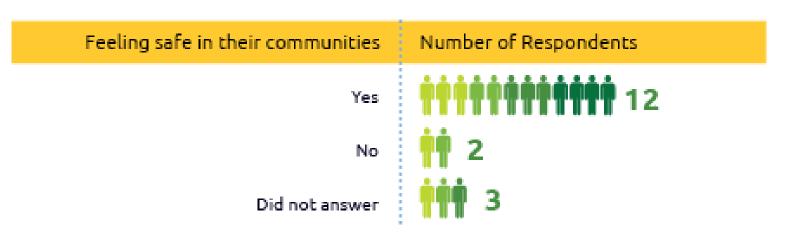


Finding 7: Finding a place to live – information gaps

- No access of official information sources
- Not familiar with government supports for affordable housing
- Lack of knowledge of tenant rights
- 22 people stated there was **not** enough information about housing in Huron and Perth for newcomers

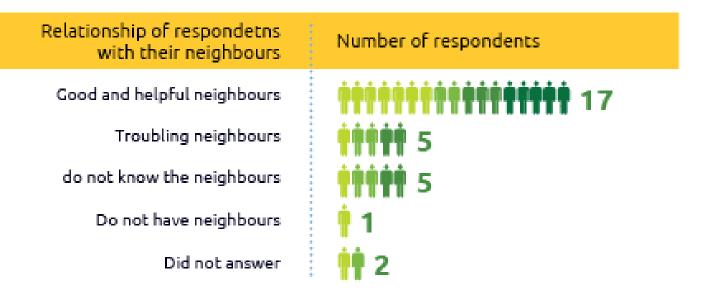
Finding 8: Newcomers appreciate small communities

- 33 out of 40 felt accepted
- Slower pace, connection to nature, feeling safe appreciated



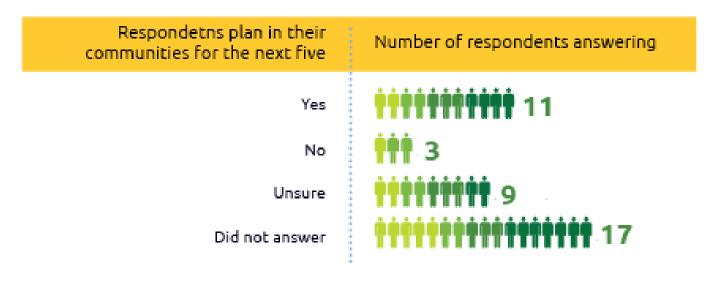
Finding 9: Newcomers find local residents helpful & friendly

- Described locals as welcoming, generous, empathetic and willing to help by sharing information
- Praised volunteers and neighbours who supported their adjustment to their new surroundings



Finding 10: People unsure if they will stay

- Housing affordability and proximity to essential services a key deciding factor
- Many who wished to stay hoped to purchase their own home
- Need for permanent residency required
- Limited job options also a factor in people hoping to stay



Now that we know...

- Organized meetings with immigrant service providers, community organizations and housing focused organizations to identify solutions
- Planning consultations with newcomers to share research findings and identify additional solutions
- Working towards developing a second publication to highlight ways newcomer experiences of housing can be strengthened locally

Community conversations

- Reviewing the findings
- Sharing experiences
- Brainstorming ideas

Community conversation dates:

- July 22: Goderich library
- August 7: North Perth library, Listowel
- August 13: Exeter library
- St. Marys still being confirmed